

The Case for Market Research

Startup Bootcamp Osaka

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Aims of this session





Pleased to meet you!





Working & living in Japan





Leading an independent market research agency





Still going and growing;)



A Snapshot of The Carter Group

Japan Expertise, Creative Thinking, Safe Hands



Full-service consumer insights-driven marketing consultancy

Long established independent agency in Japan (since 1989)

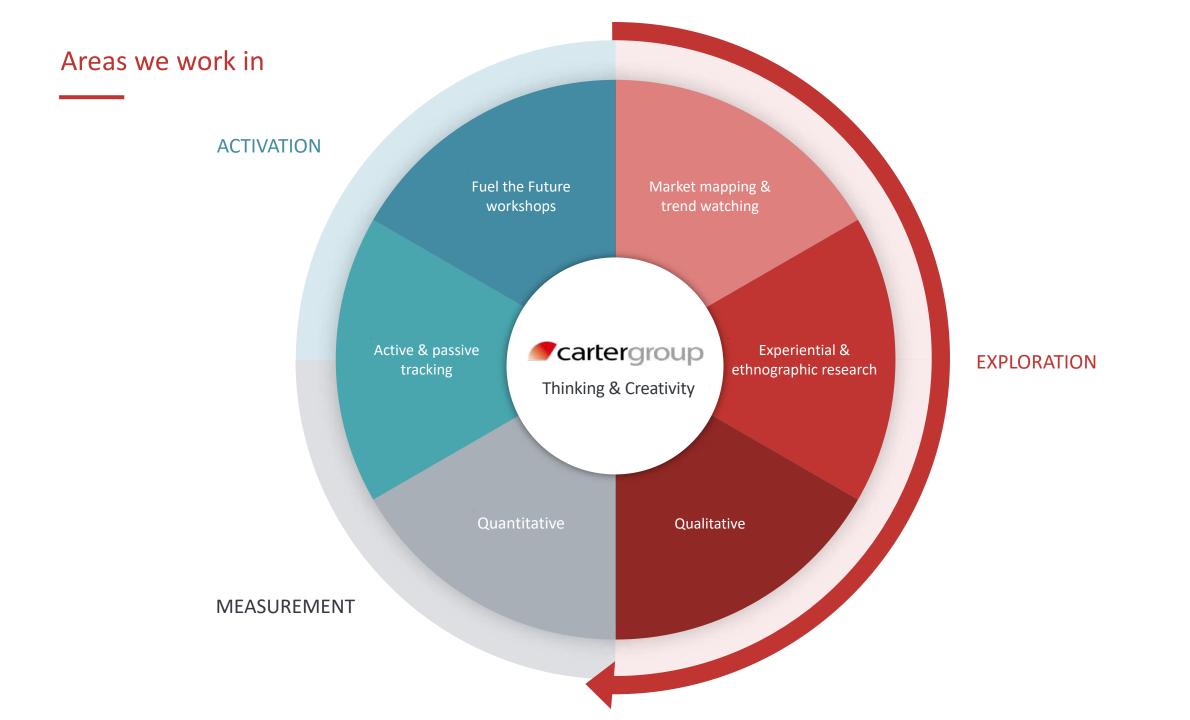
Experience **covers**Japan & APAC markets

Multicultural team of analysts and marketing consultants

Offices in **Tokyo, Osaka & Singapore** - core team of **70** & field force of **100**

Offering a unique balance of thinking & creativity

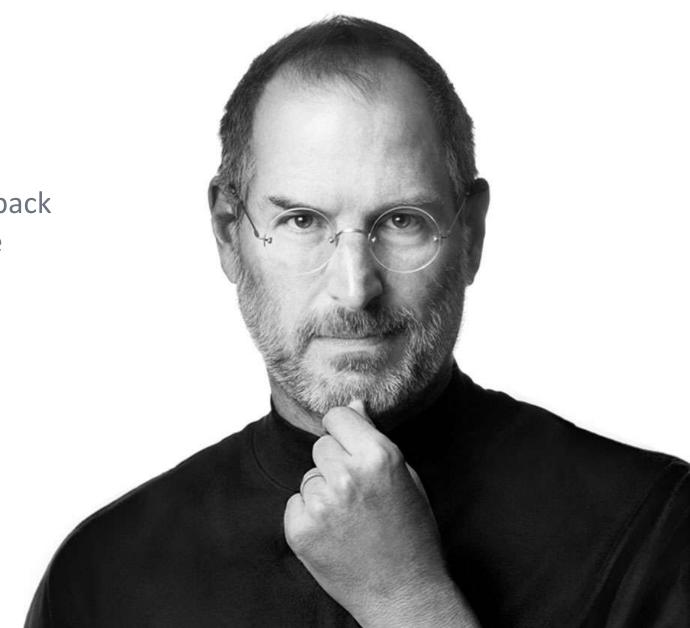




Steve Jobs could not have put it better

"You've got to start with the customer experience and work back toward the technology – not the other way around."

May 1997, World Wide Developers Conference



In a nutshell

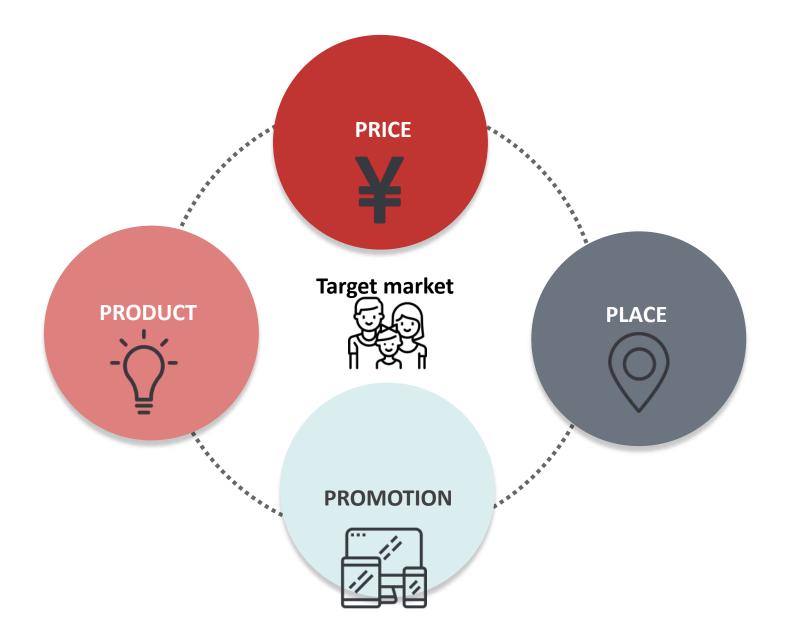


In market research we are deploying methodologies and systems to ensure that decisions are made with reference to the customer

- whose co-operation business always needs



The 4 P's











Market Research provides a map on surmounting the top strategic hurdles any new business needs to meet in Japan





#1 TRUST

Firm belief in the reliability, truth, or ability of someone or something





#2 TURNING YOUR DIFFERENCES

To your advantage



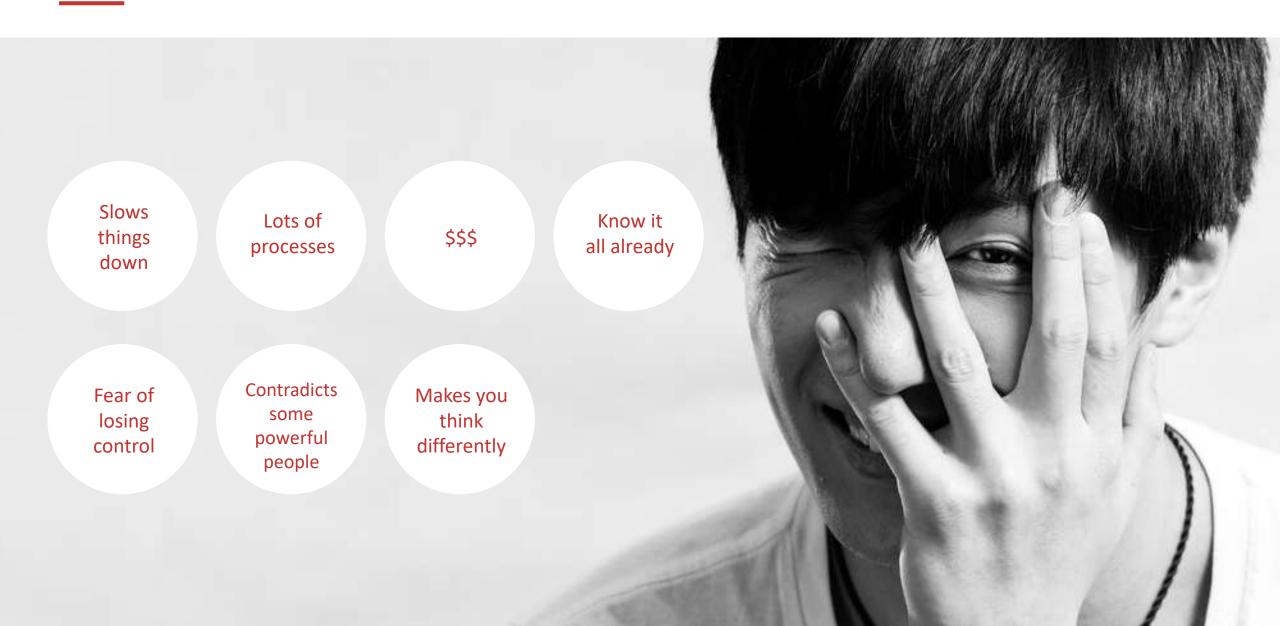


#3 RESETTING THE AGENDA

Prompting a reappraisal of current alternatives



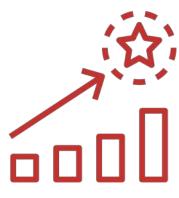
Why bypass market research?



But research can be a great help to those open to receiving it



Seeing the business environment in new ways



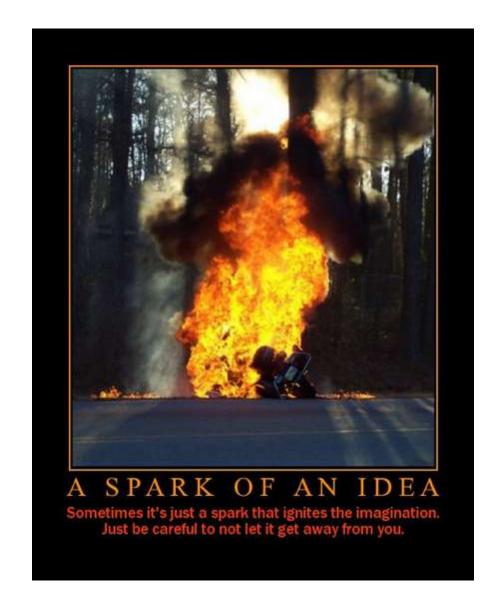
Seeing opportunities that you may never have thought of before



Sparking ideas



And sometimes, research helps to avoid disasters!





What we should expect from good market research





Beyond those we can generate on our own





We can't access ourselves



Insights drive break-through planning

What is an insight?

Simply:

The meaning of information

"Insight is always retrospectively selfevident"

- Stan Sthanunathan, Global Head of Research, Unile





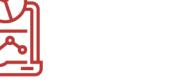
How to achieve good insights



Market context



New information







Our own experience

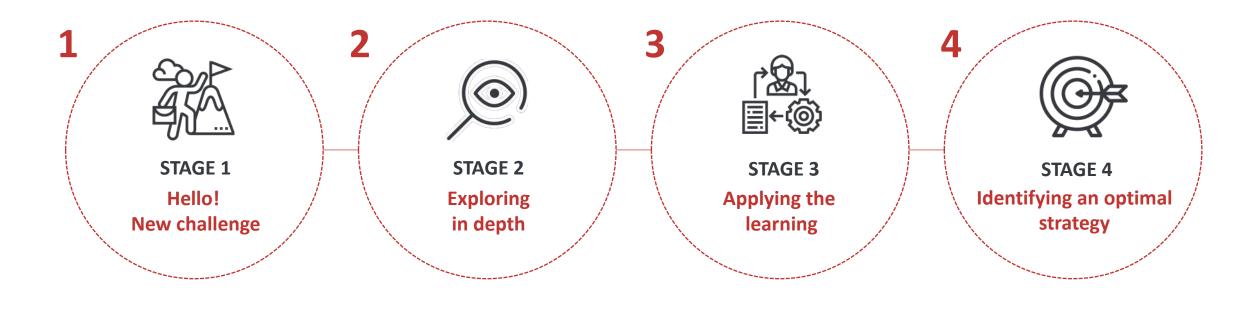


When starting from scratch, a staged approach is needed for building insight

Learning about issues,

drivers and decision

making



Potential strategic

directions



Stress testing/validating

Starting from nothing

and getting to a bird's

eye view

When starting from scratch, a staged approach is needed for building insight



Cultural Analysis/ Secondary research



GETTING TO SQUARE ONE

requires a good understanding the societal life drivers of your buyer





Why is it important?

Consumers are constantly being shaped by the outside world, the culture of the time, and the meanings it creates.



Fashion, Art and music



Brands and comms



Celebrities



Popular Culture



Lifestyle



Trends



Icons



World Events



Geo-Political and cultural forces



Technology change



Societal pressures



Environments



Media messaging

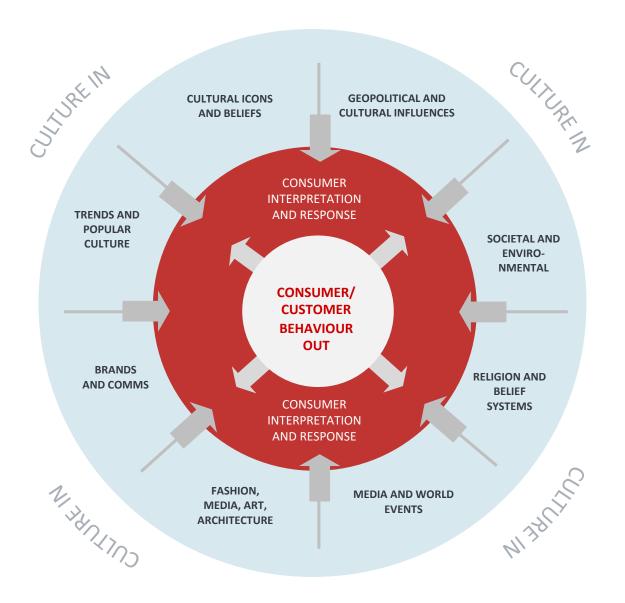


Religion and beliefs





Cultural Analysis: Understanding context





Observation





Secondary Research

Secondary Research

(also known as 'desk research')

Based on facts, figures and findings prepared by other people.





At the end of the day...

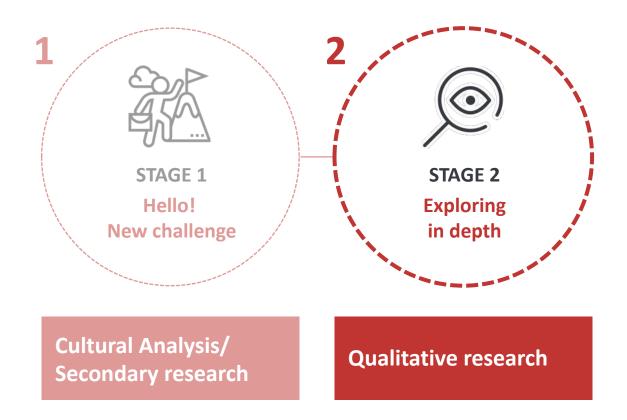
Secondary research seldom answers your questions directly

Rather, it's very useful to give you a feel for the market and to spark your early *hypotheses*





When starting from scratch, a staged approach is needed for building insight





What is exploratory research?



Exploration is needed when you need to know in detail how a certain category or industry works

Exploratory research usually consists of **qualitative** methods of inquiry









Qualitative research

- Talking and listening to people in a semistructured manner
- Usually the discussion is controlled using a discussion guide and the process is recorded for later reference
- Can be one-on-one, or in a group discussion





Use Qualitative research to explore



How buyers make decisions in your category Surface what's important to them



The basic rational and emotional reactions people have to the category and your ideas



How buyers position your offer among alternatives



Comparing the main qualitative methodologies



One on one depth Interviews

- 1 to 1
- Can be held anywhere
- Easier to recruit and organize
- Cover issues in depth such as detailed purchase journeys
- Can be used for cover confidential or sensitive information
- Idiosyncratic to the person being interviewed



Focus Groups

- 6-8 participants + a moderator
- Needs a venue
- Harder to recruit and organize (esp. for B2B)
- Cover issues less deeply but can surface a wider range of views
- Group dynamic adds value
- The group tends to provide more widely accepted or generalizable views
- Better for reviewing concepts

Great for detailed understanding

Great for consolidated understanding



Let's look at digital



The digital environment for consumers is continuously seeing new products/ services

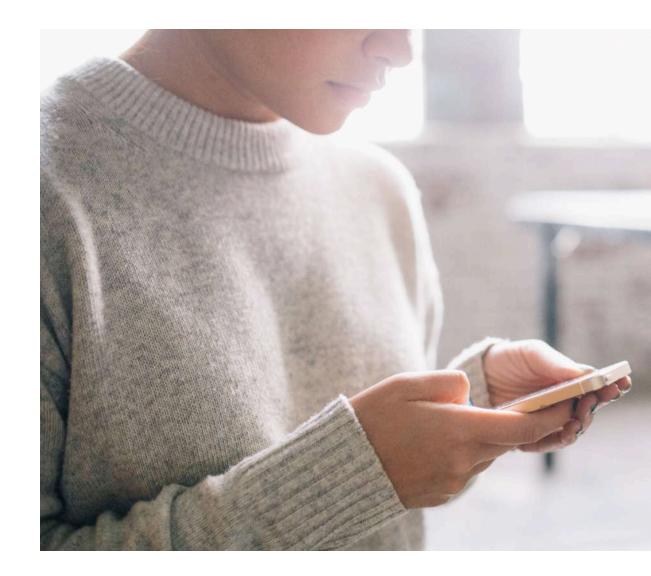


Many services and communication in everyday life are becoming highly dependent on digital tools.

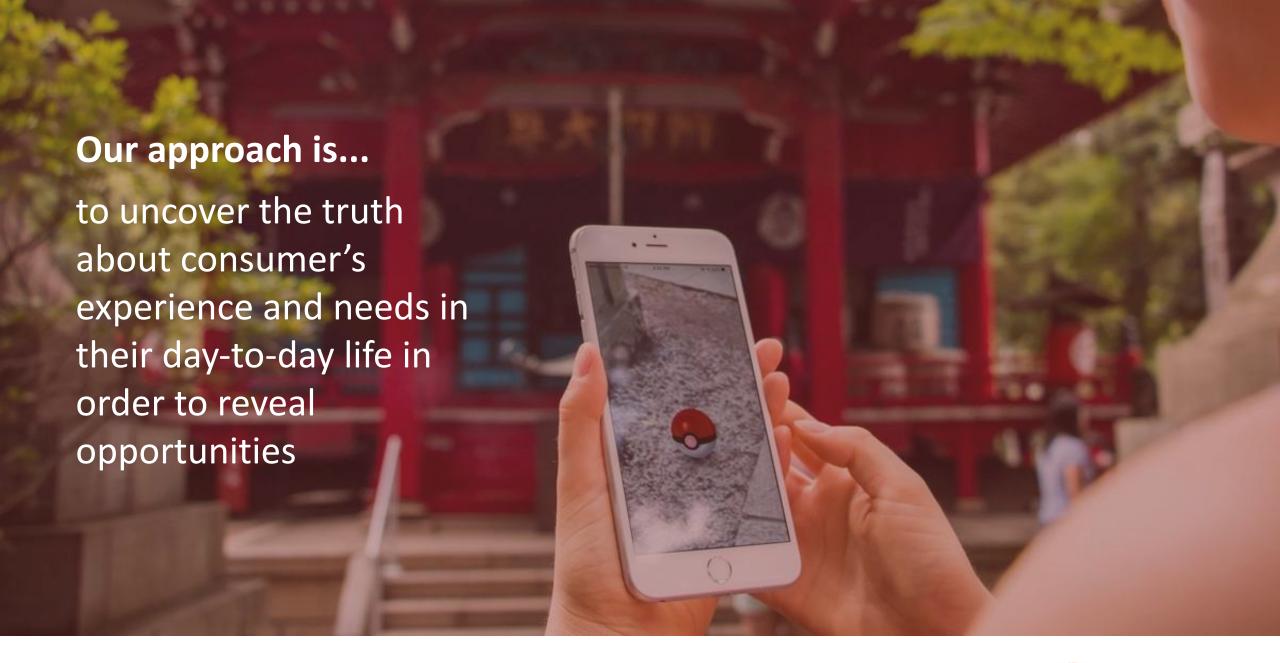


And yet...

- Consumers do not adapt or easily change their current behaviors
- They only choose the product/ service that makes their life easier or better









The steps to get there: Ethnography



We start from OBSERVING

To understand consumers experience in their daily life

To nail down their REAL pain points and opportunities

Ethnography One-on-one interview on-site

Observe and understand current consumer experience

How, when, where digital products are used and perceived in their real life

Identify the issues on-hand in real life situations



The steps to get there: Stop & Think Session



We feedback our learning through STOP & THINK Sessions

- To share the learning from ethnography with the client team/ stakeholders
- To identify or re-identify the specific issues from the current consumer experience
- To align with opportunity areas for new/ improved product development

Stop & Think Session with Client team

The session will be customized for the clients' needs

It can be arranged as a simple debriefing session

it can also be a workshop for brainstorming ideas for opportunities



The steps to get there: Content and usability



We test a prototype for USABILITY among target consumers

To see the product usability to meet consumer needs - solving the identified issues

Key areas for evaluation:

- ✓ Functionality
- ✓ Efficiency
- ✓ Desirability (Look & Feel)
- ✓ Labeling

Usability Test One-on-one facility interview

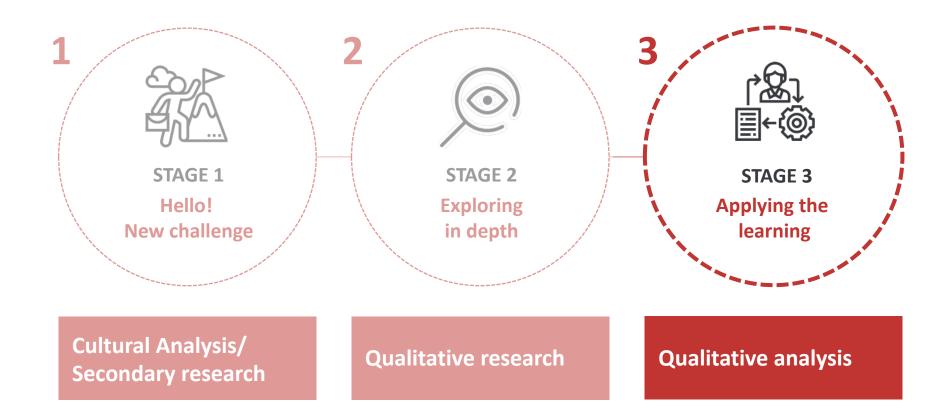
Monitor the prototype in use

Identify the "mistakes" and "confusions"

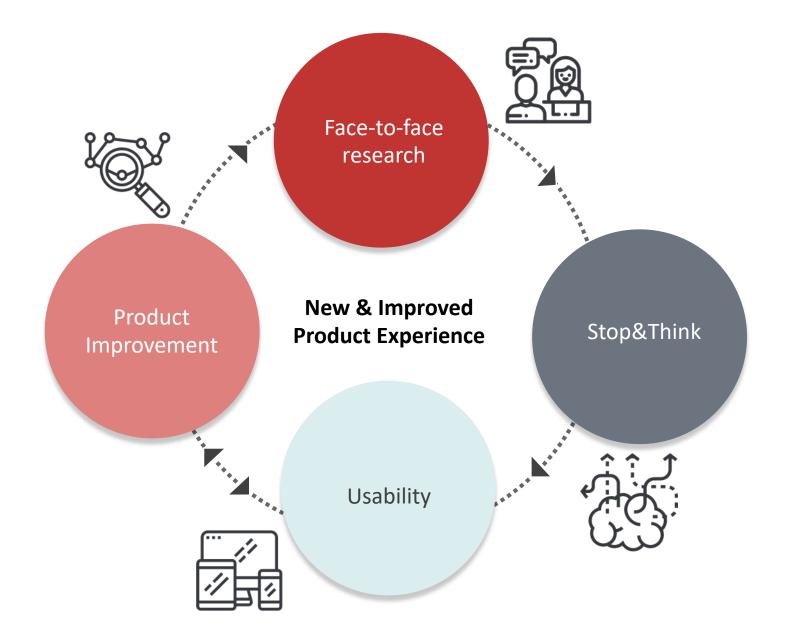
Provide patterns of consumer behavior and expectations



When starting from scratch, a staged approach is needed for building insight









Case Study

Helping a streaming sports platform to succeed in Japan

Gaining receptivity

Foundational qualitative work highlighted the desirability of partnering with an appropriate local partner to facilitate and accelerate trial

Sign up

In-store and in-home ethnography showed how to adapt the process to Japanese preferences e.g. adding confirmation pages, intermediate emails etc.

Look and feel

Home page is extremely important – needs to 'look' Japanese. E.g. as a result of testing, black was changed to white on the website (black was seen as suspicious)

Credibility and trust

Users wanted a clear, visible and easy path to unsubscribing, which builds trust for a foreign, unknown brand



In order to address barriers to their strategy, significant changes were put into effect in the client's approach to the market that have ensured a successful launch in Japan



B2B App Usability Test

Product Usability Test

"Renewing a digital tool for a beauty counselor"

OBJECTIVES

- To test a newly developed digital tool for beauty counselors to improve the current efficiency with daily tasks among Beauty Counselors
- To reveal the pain points, misunderstanding and hesitation
- To understand user behavior and expectations

Product Usability Test

"Renewing a digital tool for a beauty counselor"

KEY FINDINGS

- New design and functions met the need of consolidation and simplifying tasks
- However, the new app was something completely new to them in terms of "what is actually possible" and lead to excitement and curiosity
- At the same time training is an essential part of making the usage with the new tool as easy as possible

POINTS TO BE IMPROVED

- Product explanation and selling flow was not relevant to their current practice.
- "Personal information" page should appear after the counseling not before

 Some hesitance in figuring out the top page due to the labeling and page structure



 Redesign the page to use calendar function to navigate the action on the top page.

SOLUTIONS FOR GOING FORWARD

- Product description will follow the current practice.
- Limit the personal information to be asked before counseling, and add a function to come back to fill in the information after the purchase decision is made.













Engaging the Team for Success



A series of 'Stop and Think' sessions and workshops provides the process, people and environment to stimulate thinking based on research insights

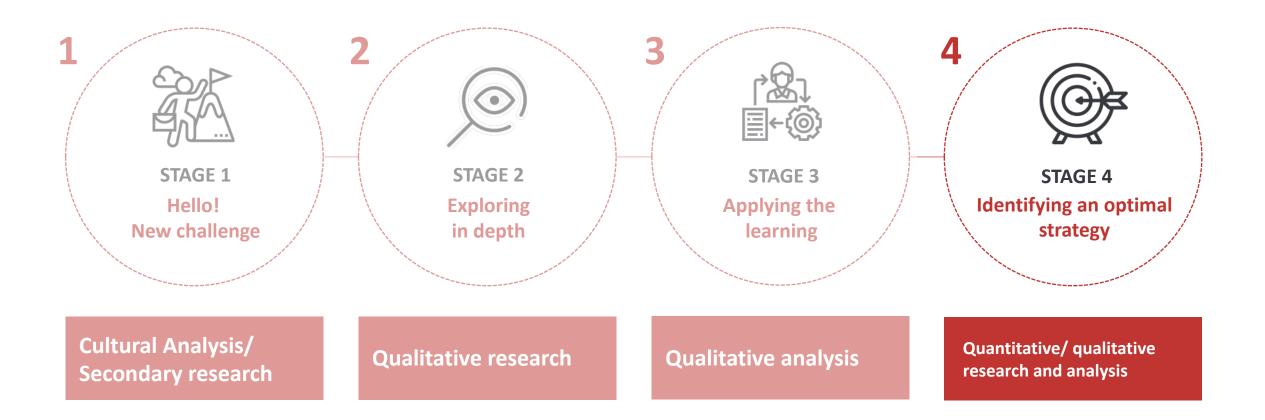


... to get the team out of the everyday assumptions, and really stretch thinking to create ideas for growth





When starting from scratch, a staged approach is needed for building insight

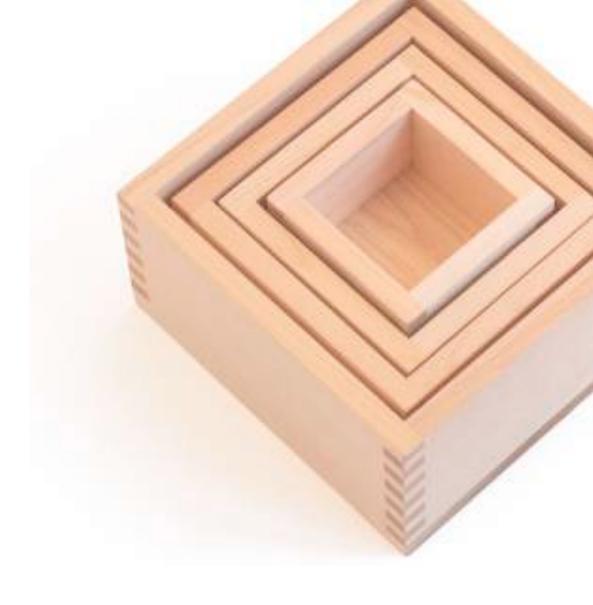




Measurement research

 Once we have a handle on the range of opinions in a category and a feel for the overall category dynamics we might want to put some sizes and probabilities on those

 Sound measurement is useful to gaining credibility for our plans





Quantitative research

- Quantitative research uses surveys to measure market characteristics, attitudes and behaviours
- A questionnaire is the instrument we use at this stage
- Questionnaires should usually not be used for exploratory purposes





Use quantitative research to



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Calibrate market size

Establish facts about the market

Measure relative strength of perceptions

Show relationships

Predict outcomes



Qualitative or Quantitative?



The decision as to whether to approach a research project using qual or quant should be driven by whether you are building theories (generally qual) or testing them (generally quant)



It can also be driven by the available pool of respondents you can talk to



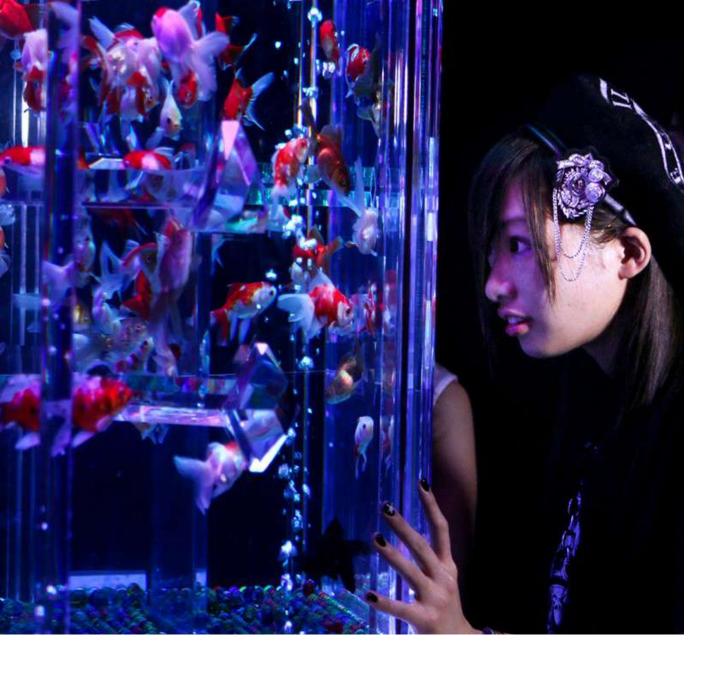
Every category and every situation is different, however qual usually comes earlier than quant





Culture and market research

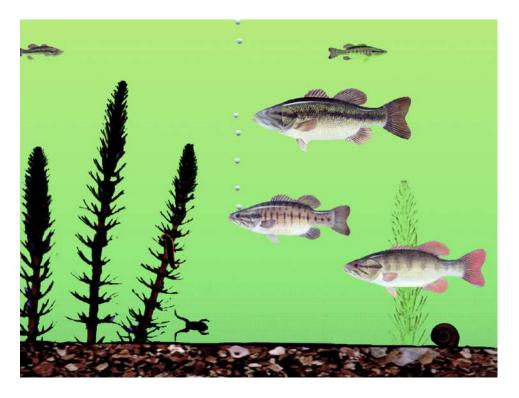


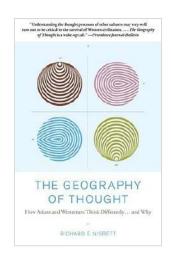


As researchers, our questions and answers are always influenced by culture



The experiment: 'What do you see in this picture?'





Can we even trust what we observe?

Source: The University of Michigan Institute for Social Research



The experiment: 'What do you see in this picture?'



We perfectly replicated the results with a similar picture in our own team in Tokyo



Australians + Japanese
who lived in Australia
commented on the fish and what
they were doing



Japanese colleagues described the field and/ or the relationships in that scene



Different thoughts, different meanings









The job of the researchers



- We can't instantly fix a profound case of cultural misfit, or an inability to adapt
- We can map the oppositions and identify the productive paradoxes
- Workshop the resolution
- Looking for innovative, disruptive opportunities that appreciate we are the same, but we are different





Thank you for listening!

